## **Reading Methods for CDIS Graduate Students**

## Self-Study Quiz

## Reading:

Berninger, V.W., & Wolf, B.J. (2009). Teaching reading. In V. Berninger & B. Wolf (Eds.), *Teaching Students with Dyslexia and Dysgraphia: Lessons from Teaching and Science* (pp. 49-78). Baltimore: Brookes.

## Questions:

1. Fill in the blank:

Reading is a complex process that includes applying the alphabetic principle for

\_\_\_\_\_ correspondences to decoding words that are completely or partially decodable.

- 2. Circle all that apply. Teaching reading draws on which of the following aspects of language?
  - a. Phonology
  - b. Syntax
  - c. Semantics
  - d. Discourse
  - e. Pragmatics

3. Circle the best response. Children need systematic, teacher-directed instruction in reading until

- a. Second grade.
- b. They have mastered the alphabetic code.
- c. Only if they are not exposed to reading when they are young.
- d. Until they are reading without effort.
- 4. Circle the best response. Teaching parts of speech in reading instruction
  - a. Introduces important concepts for answering comprehension.
  - b. Should be done as a separate subject.
  - c. Is unnecessary unless a student has a reading disability.
  - d. Is not meaningful.
- 5. Fill in the blank:

is how rapidly, smoothly, effortlessly, and automatically connected text is

read.

- 6. Fill in the blank. The most commonly used method to increase reading fluency is
- 7. Fill in the blank: Students with dyslexia or learning disability are likely to benefit most from approaches that

Name:		 	

8. Briefly describe what two controversies persist related to teaching students at risk for reading failure.